

MiniPlex-41USB NMEA-0183 multiplexer Manual

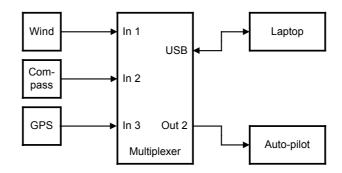


MiniPlex-41USB, V2.0 Firmware V2.8.1 Art.no.: 102

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Introduction

The MiniPlex-41USB is a four-channel NMEA multiplexer, enabling the connection of multiple NMEA-0183 instruments to each other and a computer. Available are four NMEA inputs (*listener*-ports), two NMEA outputs (*talker*-ports) and one USB port for connection with a computer. The multiplexer also offers a SeaTalk to NMEA translation in order to read data from Raymarine instruments like the ST40, ST50 and ST60 series.



Operation

The multiplexer reads NMEA sentences from the listener ports and stores them in a buffer, one for each input. The sentences are read from the buffers in a round robin fashion - one sentence at a time - giving each listener port equal priority. Each sentence is then sent to the talker ports and the USB port.

The speed of the listener ports is fixed to 4800 Baud (= bits per second), which equals 480 characters per second. When all listener ports receive data at this rate, the buffers will not be emptied in time and an overflow situation occurs. The red LED indicates this situation. When a buffer is full, a partially received sentence will be discarded, to ensure that the MiniPlex-41USB only sends complete and valid NMEA sentences.

There are two ways to resolve this overflow situation:

- 1. Configure the instruments on the listener ports to send less data or with greater intervals. It is often possible to disable non-relevant sentences.
- Increase the speed of NMEA Out1 on the multiplexer. The maximum speed is 38400 Baud. From 19200 Baud and up (4 x 4800!) an overflow will never occur, except when the multiplexer is set to Hub Mode.

The multiplexer has two talker ports, 'Out 1' and 'Out 2'. All received sentences from the listener ports are available on talker port 'Out 1'. Talker port 'Out 2' can be configured either to output all received sentences from the listener ports and the USB port (Hub Mode), or only sentences from the USB port (Server Mode). See the table below.

	NMEA In 1	NMEA In 2	NMEA In 3	NMEA In 4	USB In
NMEA Out 1	H/S	H/S	H/S	H/S	-
NMEA Out 2	Н	Н	Н	Н	H/S
USB Out	H/S	H/S	H/S	H/S	-

H: Hub	mode.	S:	Server	mode
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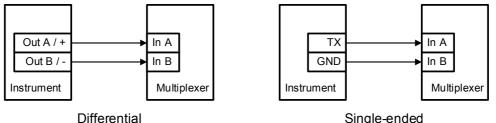
Connections

NMEA Listener Ports

The multiplexer has four listener ports, 'In 1' to 'In 4'. Each listener port should be connected to one instrument only. These inputs are galvanically isolated from the multiplexer, as specified in the NMEA-0183 standard.

Connect the 'a' and 'b' terminals of the listener port on the multiplexer to the 'a' and 'b' terminals of the talker port on the instrument. Other designations used are for instance 'Data +' and 'Data -', 'TX+' and 'TX-', 'Out +' and 'Out -' or 've+' and 've-'.

Some instruments have single ended talker ports, with only one data terminal. Connect this terminal to the 'a' terminal on the multiplexer, and connect the 'b' terminal on the multiplexer with the ground of the instrument. The latter is often combined with the power supply ground.

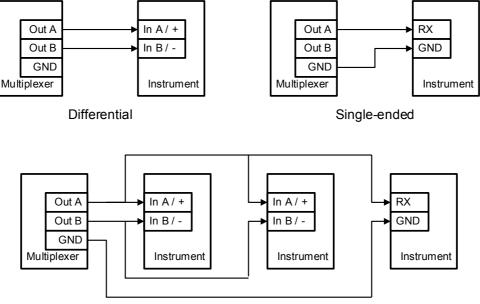


Single-ended

NMEA Talker Ports

Both talker ports can be connected to up to four instruments. Connect the 'a' and 'b' terminals of the talker port on the multiplexer to the 'a' and 'b' terminals of the listener port(s) on the instrument(s). Other designations used are for instance 'Data +' and 'Data -', 'TX+' and 'TX-', 'Out +' and 'Out -' or 've+' and 've-'.

Some instruments have single ended listener ports, with only one data terminal. Connect this terminal to the 'a' terminal on the multiplexer, and leave the 'b' terminal on the multiplexer unconnected. Connect the 'Com' terminal on the multiplexer with the instrument ground.



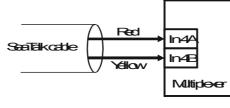
Multiple instruments

The shield terminals (Shld) can be connected to the screen/shield of the cable, if present. This should always be done on one end of the cable only, preferable on the talker side.

SeaTalk

SeaTalk[®] is a proprietary protocol developed by Raymarine[®]. This protocol is used for communication between Raymarine navigation instruments like the ST40, ST50 and ST60 series. To be able to use these instruments with commonly available navigation programs or to feed their data into other non-Raymarine instruments, the Seatalk data needs to be translated into NMEA. Even Raymarine's own navigation software, Raytech Navigator, needs this translation.

The multiplexer can be connected to a SeaTalk network. It will translate all SeaTalk data required for navigation into NMEA sentences. NMEA Input 4 can be switched to SeaTalk mode and should be connected as follows:



CorrectingSeaTalk

The screen of the Seatalk cable is not connected to the multiplexer.

USB Port

The USB port connects the multiplexer to a computer or a USB hub with the supplied cable. A driver provides a virtual com port to allow navigation software to communicate with the multiplexer.

Power Supply

The multiplexer is powered by the USB bus or from an externally supplied DC voltage from 8 to 35V and is protected against reversed polarity. The multiplexer automatically switches between the two power sources.

It is recommended to connect the multiplexer to the same power source or circuit breaker as the ships instruments and/or computer.

Driver Installation

To use the multiplexer with your computer, a USB device driver needs to be installed. This driver creates a virtual COM port, which can be opened with any navigation software. Drivers are supplied for Windows 98 & ME, Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista and Max OS X.

Windows Installation

When the multiplexer is connected to a USB port for the first time, Windows will detect new hardware and ask for a driver disk. Insert the supplied CD into the drive and follow the instructions on your screen. When asked to automatically search for drivers, answer no and choose the option to tell Windows where to find the driver. The driver can be found on the supplied CD, in de folder "USB Driver". This folder contains subfolders with drivers for various operating systems.

The installation on Windows 2000 and XP is a two-step process. First, the driver for the multiplexer will be installed. Next, Windows will detect a USB Serial device and will install a second driver. On XP systems, there can be a delay of up to 10 seconds between the installation of both drivers, which sometimes leads to the conclusion that the installation is complete after the first driver is installed. This is not the case. On Vista and W2K systems, there is only very little delay.

When the installation is complete, a new virtual COM port will be created. This COM port is marked in MPX-Config as "COMx (vcp)" where 'x' is a number. Select this port in your navigation software.

If necessary, the number of this COM port can be changed in the Windows Device Manager. Click on the +' sign next to the entry marked as 'Ports (COM & LPT)'. This will expand the entry to list all available COM ports on your computer. The port for the multiplexer is listed as 'USB Serial Port (COMx)' where 'COMx' is the name of the newly created serial port.

To change this port number, double click on the 'USB Serial Port (COMx)' entry to open the property page for this port. Next, select the 'Port Settings' tab and click on the 'Advanced...' button. In the appearing window the used port number can be changed. Do not change any other setting in this window.

It is possible to select a port number that is already present on the computer, like COM1. The original COM1 port will then be disabled as long as the multiplexer is connected to the computer. This feature allows the port number to be set in a low range from COM1 to COM4, to accommodate software that only allows COM1 to COM4 to be selected.

More than one multiplexer can be connected at the same time. Every new unit will create a new virtual COM port. The number of this port will always be assigned to the same unit.

Windows allows a maximum of 256 COM ports. Not all software may be compatible however with COM ports numbered above COM9.

When installing updated drivers, uninstall the original drivers first with the 'Add/Remove Programs' icon in the Control Panel or use the 'Update Driver' button on the 'Driver' page of the 'USB Serial Port' property-page.

Mac OS X Installation

The OS X driver is available as a disk image file (.dmg) and can be found on the supplied CD in the 'USB Driver' folder. Run the installer by double clicking on the icon. Follow the instructions on the screen and reboot the computer when asked.

When the computer has rebooted, plug in the multiplexer. Then open System Preferences and select 'Network'. You should now get the message 'New Port Detected'. Click OK and select 'Network Port Configurations' from the Show list. The new port will be listed as 'MiniPlex-xxxxxxx' where 'xxxxxxxx' represents the serial number of the multiplexer. Enable the port by checking the On box and clicking 'Apply Now'. You can now exit 'Network' and use the multiplexer in your navigation software.

Configuration

Various options can be configured on the multiplexer, using the supplied configuration program MPX-Config. There is no installation procedure for this utility, just start it from the CD or copy it to a suitable folder on the hard disk of your computer. The top part of MPX-Config shows the NMEA sentences that are received by the multiplexer. The bottom part shows the configuration controls.

The multiplexer is configured with proprietary NMEA sentences. MPX-Config sends these sentences to the multiplexer but they can also be issued with a terminal program. See the Technical Reference section for an overview of the supported proprietary sentences.

All configuration settings are stored in the multiplexer's non-volatile memory. These settings are retained without power supply.

MiniPlex Configuration Tool ¥2.41		
Eile About		
Serial Port Speed: 4800 Port: COM1 (vcp) Read Configuration	Overflow Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch3 Ch4	
NMEA Sentence Input		nipModul Ine Electronics
Device: Version: Serial:		Log:

Screenshot of MPX-Config

Serial Port

Before being able to configure the multiplexer, select the serial port to which the multiplexer is connected. The virtual port created by the driver is marked with '(vcp)'. The speed setting has no influence on the speed of the virtual serial port. It does however affect the speed of NMEA Out1. If you exit MPX-Config, the settings will be saved.

Read Configuration

Every time you start MPX-Config, it will request the current configuration from the multiplexer. When this is unsuccessful (various controls on the MPX-Config window are greyed), you can manually request the current configuration with this button.

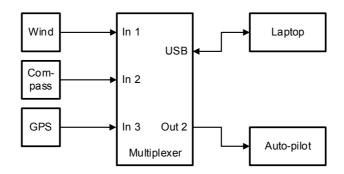
The status line on the bottom of the MPX-Config window will show the name of the multiplexer, the internal software version and its serial number.

Mode of Operation

The multiplexer can operate in three different modes: Server, Hub and Automatic. Basically, these modes determine which NMEA data is available on NMEA Out2.

- Server mode: In this mode, the combination of computer and multiplexer acts as an NMEA server. Incoming NMEA data from NMEA In1 to In4 is sent to the computer and NMEA Out1. NMEA Out2 only outputs data received from the computer.
- Hub mode: In Hub mode, the multiplexer acts as a hub where all NMEA data comes together and is sent out again. All incoming NMEA data, from NMEA In1 to In4 and the computer, is available on NMEA Out2.
 This mode has one limitation: since the NMEA data is sent to the USB port and NMEA Out2, the total throughput is limited by the speed of NMEA Out2, which is fixed to 4800 baud. Even when a higher baud rate is selected for NMEA Out1, the throughput will be 480 characters per second, the same as on NMEA Out2.
- Auto mode: When Auto mode is selected, the multiplexer automatically switches between Huband Server mode, depending on the presence of computer generated data. When the computer sends NMEA data to the multiplexer (on the USB interface), the multiplexer switches to Server mode. When no data is received on the USB interface for more than 10 seconds, the multiplexer will switch to Hub mode.

Auto mode is very useful when sailing alternately with our without a laptop. Consider a typical setup as shown below:



When the laptop is connected, it will receive all information from the instruments and the running navigation software is able to calculate the course to steer and drive the autopilot accordingly. Because the laptop is sending NMEA data, the multiplexer operates in server mode and the autopilot will therefore receive information from the laptop only.

When the laptop is not connected or the navigation software is not sending any data, the multiplexer switches to in hub mode and sends all data from the instruments directly to the autopilot. This way, the autopilot will receive course information directly from the GPS.

NMEA Out1 is not affected by the mode setting. On this output, only NMEA data from the NMEA inputs is available. Since this output is connected in parallel with the USB port, the total throughput to the computer will be limited to the speed this port is set to.

SeaTalk --> NMEA

To enable translation of SeaTalk into NMEA, check this option. Incoming SeaTalk data from Raymarine instruments like the ST40, ST50 or ST60 series is translated into NMEA sentences which other instruments or navigation software can use. Even Raymarine's own Raytech Navigator software works with NMEA only and needs some form of translation from SeaTalk into NMEA. See the Technical Reference section for an overview of the SeaTalk data that is translated into NMEA.

Overflow

The overflow indicators on the MPX-Config screen indicate which channel is causing the overflow. Running the multiplexer at a port speed of 19200 baud or higher will never result in overflow or long delays.

Manual NMEA input

MPX-Config allows manual entry of NMEA sentences for testing, configuration etc. Type the desired NMEA sentence in the edit box below 'NMEA Sentence Input' and press the Send button or the enter key. Do not precede the NMEA sentence with a '\$' as MPX-Config will do this for you. The input is case sensitive, so whatever you type will be sent literally to the multiplexer. Since all NMEA commands are uppercase, you have to enter them as uppercase.

Indicators

The multiplexer has two LED's. The green LED indicates the reception of valid NMEA data on the listener ports or the RS-232 port. The LED only blinks on valid NMEA sentences that start with a '\$' or '!' and end with CR/LF, thus indicating a proper connection and polarity of the connected instrument. In case of a reverse polarity, the green LED will not blink.

The red LED indicates a buffer overflow, in case more data is coming in than can be transmitted. When a buffer is full, a partially received sentence will be discarded, to ensure that the multiplexer only passes complete and valid sentences.

There are three ways to resolve this overflow situation:

- 1. Configure the instruments on the listener ports to send less data or with greater intervals. Sometimes it is possible to disable non-relevant sentences.
- Increase the speed of the talker port on the multiplexer. The maximum speed is 38400 Baud. From 19200 Baud and up (4 x 4800!) an overflow will never occur (except when in Hub Mode).
- 3. Set the operation mode of the multiplexer to Server mode (factory default). This mode only sends incoming data to the computer and to NMEA Out1, which is can be set to a higher high speed (see 2). In Hub mode, the high-speed ports must wait for every character to be transmitted over the low speed NMEA Out 2 port.

Both LED's will blink once when the power is applied to the multiplexer. When the red LED stays lit, a hardware error is found during execution of the self-test.

When SeaTalk translation is selected, the red LED will also blink when a data collision occurs on the SeaTalk bus or when the SeaTalk bus is not connected properly. An occasional blink during operation is normal; collisions do occur on the SeaTalk bus. However when constantly lit, there could be a short circuit on the SeaTalk bus or it could be miswired.

Mounting

The multiplexer is not waterproof. It should be mounted at a dry place, like behind the instrument panel, on a flat surface.

Technical Reference

MPX-Config Registry keys

The serial port settings of MPX-Config are stored in the Windows registry, using the following keys:

```
HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\CustomWare\MPXConfig\BaudRate
HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\CustomWare\MPXConfig\SerialPort
```

Proprietary NMEA commands

The multiplexer supports some NMEA commands through proprietary NMEA sentences. It also generates certain proprietary NMEA sentences in some modes of operation or as a response to NMEA commands.

All commands have the following format:

\$PSMDxx

- \$P: Start of a proprietary command. Dictated by the NMEA standard.
- SMD: ShipModul manufacturer's mnemonic.
- xx: Two- or three-character command code.

For ease of manual configuration, the commands issued to the multiplexer do not require a checksum. Sentences output by the multiplexer always contain a checksum, denoted with *hh in the descriptions below.

Command reference

VER – Get Version

Retrieves version information from the multiplexer. The multiplexer responds with the following version sentence:

\$PSMDVER,2.8.1,MiniPlex-41USB,10025943,0010*hh<CR><LF>

MiniPlex-41USB: 10025943: 0011:	software version number product descriptor serial number multiplexer capabilities. This is a 4 digit, 16-bit field represented as a hexadecimal number. Each bit identifies a capability of the multiplexer. The following bits are defined: 2-0: Interface type, 0 = serial, 1 = USB, 2 = Bluetooth 3: -42 model 4: Seatalk -> NMEA conversion 5: Sentence Frequency divisor supported 6: Firmware field-upgrade supported 7: AIS mode supported (BT models only)
hh:	checksum

CF – Configuration

This sentence sets the configuration of the multiplexer. The same sentence is sent by the multiplexer in response to a CFQ sentence.

Command: \$PSMDCF,b,m,s[*hh]<CR><LF>

b: baud rate selector:	0 = 4800 baud 1 = 9600 baud 2 = 19200 baud 3 = 38400 baud
m: mode selector:	0 = Server mode 1 = Hub mode 2 = Auto mode
s: Seatalk translation:	0 = off 1 = on 2 = dump all unknown Seatalk datagrams (PSMDST,xx,xx,) 3 = dump all Seatalk datagrams 4 = toggle generated wind sentence between VWR and MWV

hh: optional checksum

When sending this command to the multiplexer, it is not necessary to specify every field when only one configuration parameter has to be changed. Fields preceding the one to be changed can be left blank. Fields after the one to be changed may be omitted. When for example only the mode must be changed, the command "\$PSMDCF,,1" may be sent. The fields 'b' is left blank while the fields for 's' is omitted.

The 's' field will always return a 0 or 1 in response to a CFQ command.

CFQ – Request current configuration

This sentence requests the current configuration settings from the multiplexer.

\$PSMDCFQ<CR><LF>

The multiplexer responds with a CF sentence.

OV – Overflow

In case of a buffer overflow (blinking red LED on the multiplexer), an overflow sentence is output, to indicate on which input buffer the overflow occurred. To conserve bandwidth, this sentence has no checksum.

\$PSMDOV,x<CR><LF>

x: Binary field. The first four bits indicate on which input buffer the overflow occurred.

Translated Seatalk datagrams

When the Seatalk translation is enabled, the following datagrams are translated into NMEA sentences:

SeaTalk	NMEA	Description
00	DBT	Depth below transducer
10	MWV (VWR)	Wind angle, (10 and 11 combined)
11	MWV (VWR)	Wind speed, (10 and 11 combined)
20	VHW	Speed through water
21	VLW	Trip mileage (21 and 22 combined)
22	VLW	Total mileage (21 and 22 combined)
23	MTW	Water temperature
25	VLW	Total and Trip mileage
26	VHW	Speed through water
27	MTW	Water temperature
50		Latitude, value stored
51		Longitude, value stored
52		Speed over ground, value stored
53	RMC	Course over ground. RMC sentence is
		generated from stored values from 5x
		datagrams.
54		GMT time, value stored
56		Date, value stored
58		Lat/Long, values stored
84	HDG	Magnetic heading, including variation (99)
89	HDG	Magnetic heading, including variation (99)
99		Magnetic variation, value stored

As appears from the table, not all datagrams result in an NMEA sentence. Some datagrams are only used to retrieve a certain value to be combined into one NMEA sentence.

When the Seatalk translation is enabled with option 2 (the 's' parameter in the CF sentence is 2), unlisted datagrams are translated into a proprietary NMEA sentence with the following format:

\$PSMDST,aa,bb,cc,dd...*hh<CR><LF>

aa,bb,cc,dd... represent the hexadecimal value of the bytes from the received Seatalk datagram.

Technical Specifications:

11, 5	5V _{DC} from USB bus or 8 – 35 V _{DC} , protected against reversed polarity.
Current consumption:	50 mA (100 mA max. with fully loaded talker ports).
•	4 x NMEA-183/RS-422, galvanically isolated. 1 input can be set to SeaTalk mode.
·	>800 Ohm.
Outputs:	1 x USB, 2 x NMEA-183/RS-422.
Buffers:	5 buffers of 800 characters (4 x NMEA, 1 x USB).
NMEA Out1:	Combined data from NMEA inputs.
NMEA Out2:	Combined data from NMEA and USB inputs (Hub mode) or
(data from USB input only (Server mode).
Speed NMEA in: 4	4800 Baud.
Speed NMEA Out1:	4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 Baud.
Speed NMEA Out2:	4800 Baud.
Indicators: 0	Overflow and Data.
Dimensions:	138 x 72 x 33 mm.
Housing: F	Flame retardant ABS.

Declaration of Conformity

We,

CustomWare Borgstee 27b 9403 TS Assen The Netherlands Tel.: +31 592 375700 Fax: +31 592 37550

Declare under our sole responsibility that the product

ShipModul MiniPlex-41USB

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following specifications:

EN/IEC61000-6-1:1997 and EN/IEC61000-6-3:1996 EN/IEC61162-1:2000 FCC Title 47 CFR, Part 15 Class B

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and carries the CE-marking accordingly.

Assen, 11-06-2008

M. Sprang

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

C€ F©

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